

The Mountain Advocate.

OFFICIAL ORGAN OF THE REPUBLICAN PARTY IN KNOX COUNTY

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BARBOURVILLE, KY., FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 29, 1916.

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ROADS UP RICHLAND

If you want a real automobile ride, one that will make you proud that you live where we are soon to have the real thing, take a spin up Big Richland. You can go on high speed from the corporate limits to George Jarvis's store without a jolt. Not only that, but you can now go over the route from Barbourville to the Christian church on Middlefork, the DIXIE HIGHWAY as is laid out by the Fiscal Court, and where it will no doubt be built when the matter is finally settled. They have not stopped there, but they have put the road leading from Emanuel to Gray in first-class condition, and you can now make the trip over that route into Corbin with all kinds of ease.

The citizens of that neighborhood have waked up to the fact that they are going to have the official route of the Dixie Highway through that community, and they are making preparations to have the tour of inspectors who will pass through here next month come their way. It is a matter of fact that they will go over the route that is in the best condition, and a committee of these citizens will meet that inspection committee somewhere up the road and pilot them thru that way and over that route. They will have the road in a splendid condition and will insist that they come their way.

There has been much said as to where the road should be built, and the Fiscal Court has given it much study, and the matter has been up before the State Road Commissioner, who has gone over this route. They have taken into consideration where to build the road so that it will cost the least money and serve the most people and they have finally settled down on this route, it surely must be the right way to go. There are eight justices of the county, and we are told that seven out of the eight have agreed with the State Road Commissioner that this is the feasible way to go and it must be so.

Mayhew.

Col. James Mayhew, who was once police judge of this city,

and who moved with his family to the then Territory of Oklahoma, died at his home at Nowatta, Okla., on September 23, and was buried beside his son, Daugh, who died some two years before.

Col. Mayhew was well known to the older people of this city, he having been one of those who saw service in the stormy days of the rebellion, being a strong supporter of the cause of Lincoln.

His son, George W. Mayhew who lives about one mile down the river, received a telegram that his father was dead, but he could not get there in time for his funeral.

Comley-Parker.

One of the prettiest home weddings of the season was that of Miss Sarah J. Parker and Dr. Henry J. Comley. The wedding took place at the home of Mrs. Archibald on Saturday, Sept. 23, 1916, the Rev. L. W. Russell, pastor of the Baptist church of this city, officiating, only the family being present to witness the ceremony. The bride wore a dark blue tailored suit and carried yellow roses. The house was profusely decorated in goldenrod and ferns.

The bride is the youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. S. S. Parker of this county, and is one of Knox county's prettiest and sweetest girls.

The groom is a prominent young dentist of Nicholasville, Ky., and formerly a student of Union College.

Dr. and Mrs. Comley left on the two o'clock train for Louisville.

We wish these young people many happy and prosperous years.

Notice of Filing Petition

On Sept. the 30th 1916, I will file a petition in the Knox County Court, for the establishment of a county road leaving the main road at a point near Cal. Rapiers store and extending through the lands of Evan Lowe, Forester Lowe, John Helton, Marshall Raper, Will Lee, and John Profit, to a point at or near Evan Lowes gate.

This 21, day of Sept. 1916.
THOS. HUBBARD,
County Road Engr. K. C.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK PIG WINS FIRST PRIZE

Something like a year ago the First National Bank of Barbourville organized a Boys Pig Club in Knox County and turned over to ten boys, ten pure bred Duroc gilts, free of charge. The pigs from these gilts were turned over to other boys and the membership of the club enlarged. Some of these pigs were entered in the Knox County Fair and took first prize. Two of these pigs were entered in the Boys Pig Club contest at the State Fair at Louisville last week. A large number of pigs from all parts of the State competed, but the first and fourth prizes were awarded to the Knox County pigs. It is quite an honor to Knox County to win first prize in such a contest at the State Fair. Mr. T. F. Faulkner's sons won the first and fourth prizes. It was decided that the First National Bank pig was the best bear pig in the State. These two pigs weighed right at 300 lbs. on the day they were six months old. These pigs are now eligible to enter the American Stock Show at Chicago, and they stand a good show to win there.

This Bank has also introduced a lot of pure bred chickens, and is trying to interest the farmers of the county in spraying their orchards. Knox County can do things when she tries. Our farmers ought to take an interest in these efforts of the Bank. The First National Bank prospers and deserves to do so, because it looks always to the interest of Knox County. Other business institutions would do well to join in this work. Let us work together and build up our county. Help the farmers and you will insure the prosperity of your county.

A New Book Written By a Barbourville Man

Rev. J. W. Ligon, pastor of the Christian Church, is the author of a book entitled "Paul the Apostle." The book is from the press of Fleming H. Revell Company, New York, and retails at one dollar. After reading the book, Lieutenant Governor Jas. D. Black addressed the following letter to the author:

"Barbourville, Ky.,
Sept. 21, 1916.

Rev. John W. Ligon,
Barbourville, Ky.
My dear Doctor:

I have read with fixed interest your book entitled Paul the Apostle.

But before beginning its study, I was somewhat impressed with the thought that something of boldness (here using the word in the sense of commendable confidence) was obvious in the undertaking at this day to contribute a new treatise to the many already written about the Apostle to the Gentiles. I had the notion that the subject had been exhausted.

But the first chapter of your book securely fixed my attention, and I was carried on with increasing interest to the end of the closing chapter. It is most certainly a well written book. It supplies a need many like myself did not know of. The style is attractive, the diction all that one should desire, and in compass and treatment, your book is just what the busy person and the teacher need.

It will surely receive the favorable consideration of those who are interested in the study of the life and character of the great Apostle Paul, and should find a place among the books of every reader and lover of Christian literature.

Very cordially yours,
James D. Black."

P. S.—The above mentioned book can be obtained from the author at the regular price of \$1.00. A large number have been sold.

Christian Church.

The usual services will be held at the Christian church next Sunday. There will be preaching by the minister both morning and evening. All are cordially invited to attend. There will be some special music.

J. W. LIGON, Minister.

Judge Hammons Issues Warrants.

Last Wednesday Thos. G. Hammons, County Judge, issued forty-three warrants for parents and guardians who have failed to send children of the right age to the public schools in this county. He did this upon information furnished him by the teachers of the county, and it has just begun; you had better get busy, he is going to get you if you do not send your children to school. The laws of the State of Kentucky is very plain, and you will be made to pay the penalty if you fail to get your children into school. So get busy—this is a gentle reminder.

Moonlight Schools.

The following persons made Moonlight Schools possible in Knox County, by contributing \$100 for the purpose of buying supplies:

J. R. Jones, S. H. Jones, E. W. Roach, J. T. Beddow, H. M. Oldfield, B. B. Golden, J. W. Ligon, H. B. Clark, Alex. Sevier, J. H. Wilson, F. R. Barner, Thee Cole, W. H. McDonald, W. B. Riley, C. C. Smith, Read P. Black, Charles Black, George Tinsley, W. C. Lockhart, P. D. Black, W. H. Faulkner, R. W. Cole, S. B. Reese, H. B. Coats, Baltimore, M. D., J. M. Robison, R. L. Blakeman, J. A. Lowry, J. F. Catron, Dr. J. E. Faulkner, Dr. J. G. Tye, L. M. Cole, S. M. Perkins, R. M. Stansbury, F. M. Reese, Clair Parrott, J. D. Tuggle, G. W. Hammons, G. B. Detherage, W. M. Ledger, Sam Black, C. B. Wilson, C. Cobb, J. B. Campbell, Dr. Crit Jones, W. P. Levallen, R. C. Partin, R. N. Jarvis, W. M. Jones, W. W. Evans, J. J. Pursifull, W. R. Marsee, D. M. Humfleet, John Turner, Guy Dickenson, J. A. Stansbury, J. T. Morris, Liggett & Myers Tobacco Co., A. G. Diney, Will Carns, W. J. Legere, Joseph Smith, Tom J. Slusher, Mat Baker, S. N. Miller, W. J. Campbell, T. J. Moore, Miss Gertrude Black, Miss Sallie Hoskins, Mesdames, Alex. Herndon, Alice Sasser, Robert Cole, James D. Black, W. F. Amis, C. P. Kennedy, L. W. Farmer, W. W. Tinsley, James Miller, Jordan Miller, Geo. Tye, H. Tiffany, T. W. Minton, James Archer, A. W. Hopper, B. C. Lewis, Basset Minton, D. C. Payne, O. C. McClung, J. A. McDermott, W. C. Black, E. B. Dishman, F. D. Sampson.

W. F. Costellow, S. T. Davidson, S. B. Dishman, J. S. Lock, W. R. Lay, W. Burnside, S. T. Steele, E. T. England, C. C. Smith, John Hughes, J. Frank Hawn, William Jones, J. R. Tuggle, H. H. Owens, and the Fiscal Court. Mrs. James D. Black, Chrm., Mrs. R. W. Cole, Asst. Chrm., Mesdames T. W. Minton, W. W. Tinsley and J. R. Tuggle, Com.

Pensions For Widows

All widows of Civil War Soldiers, who have been barred from drawing pensions, by reason of marrying since June 27th, 1890, and who married prior to June 27th, 1905, please write me and mail your husband's pension certificate, or discharges as I can now get you pensions. Also those who have been cut out from drawing on account of remarriage who never have drawn anything and who are now widows, I can also get them pensions. Please write me and send stamp for answer, and only widows of soldiers who were in the war of the rebellion need to write.

Very respectfully,

W. O. B. LIPPS,
Pension Attorney,
9-29 10-20 Manchester, N. H.

Notice of Filing Petition

On Sept. 30th 1916, I will file a petition in the Knox County Court, praying the removal of all gates that is now in use and across the county road that leads from the main road on Fighting Creek and extending through the lands of Kit Grindstaff, Bob Short Hiram Castle, Jim Goodin, Widow Goshen, Isaac Hamilton, Alex. Kender, Oscar Hardson, Wm. McStewart, and Elizabeth [Stewart], and intersecting with the Artemus and Barbourville Road at a point near Wm. McStewarts.

This Sept. 18, 1916.
THOS. HUBBARD, County
Road Engr., K. C. 9-22 2t.

NOTICE

We are again ready to receive Hickory logs, cut 9 and 12 ft. long, either at our mill in Barbourville, or F.O.B. cars various railroad stations. Those having hickory for sale, see us promptly.

T. W. MINTON & SON.

"A THING OF BEAUTY IS A JOY FOREVER"

Now that flower bed in the court house yard has certainly been "A Thing of Beauty," and likewise has been very much enjoyed by all of our citizens, and we will be sorry when Jack Frost comes with his icy fingers and lays it low.

Those beautiful King Humber Cannas were donated by Miss Nola Minton of our town, the bulbs were donated and they were planted by her own hands. Mr. Kenedy giving the rich loam to enrich the bed. We wish there were more Miss Mintons in our town, for besides being a young lady of an unusual amount of energy we believe we judge rightly when we say combined with this energetic nature is a heart possessed of tenderness and love—for well, do we know that her beautiful flowers, of which she has an abundance, have found their way into many a home of sickness and bereavement, where they have added rays of brightness to the sad ones. Besides she and her mother have contributed their lovely blossoms to their friends on many festive occasions.

We are proud of such people, and of all like them—people who are possessed of such admirable traits of character should be appreciated; and thrice welcomed to our town.

Let us learn a lesson of Miss Minton, and try to have more Civic pride, planting flowers and trees too, and otherwise improving our already beautiful little town, until strangers coming in will say truthfully, Barbourville is "The Queen City of the Mountains."

We don't wish to forget Mrs. Baker of our town who planted the lovely Chrysanthemums next the court house wall, we all know that Mrs. Baker has lots of Civic pride, for her own yard and premises show that. What a beautiful town we might have, if flowers instead of ugly weeds were growing in all the waste places.

CIVIC LEAGUE.

Miss Pearl Parker who is teaching at Archer, came down Saturday to be present at the wedding of her sister Miss Sarah Parker Dr. H. J. Comley.

J. M. ROBSION,
President.

ROBT. W. COLE,
Cashier.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

Barbourville, Kentucky

"The Honor Roll Bank"

This Bank has the money and can and will help its customers when they need help.

OPEN AN ACCOUNT NOW.

Assets More Than \$400,000.00

INTEREST PAID ON TIME DEPOSITS

W. R. LAY, Acting President. H. B. CLARK, Cashier.

CONFIDENCE



That's the reason why
Our Bank has grown

DEPOSITS: CAPITAL & SURPLUS
August 8, 1912, \$177,521.04. \$42,000.00
August 8, 1916, \$312,653.49. \$60,000.00

Open an account with us to-day. We Pay 3 Per Cent on Time Deposits. Fire and burglar proof safety deposit boxes \$1.00 per year
THE NATIONAL BANK OF JOHN A. BLACK
JOHN A. BLACK, Pres. JAMES S. MILLER, V. Pres.

THE MOUNTAIN ADVOCATE

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BARBOURVILLE, KENTUCKY

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Party in Knox County.
W. H. McDONALD, Editor
J. C. McDONALD, Assoc. Editor

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22, 1904 at the Postoffice at Barbourville,
Ky., under Act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

REPUBLICAN TICKET.



For President—
CHARLES E. HUGHES
of New York.

For Vice-President—
CHARLES W. FAIRBANKS
of Indiana.

For Congress—
CALEB POWERS
of Barbourville, Ky.

For Judge of the Court of Appeals
FLEM D. SAMPSON
Barbourville, Ky.

KIRK-SAMPSON CONTEST SETTLED

Last Friday, the contest case between A. J. Kirk and Judge Flem D. Sampson was called by the Hon. R. W. Slack of Owensboro, Ky., and was terminated on Saturday at noon.

As soon as the last word was spoken in the argument of the case, Judge Slack began summing up the case, and within five minutes he had given the contestant to understand that the WILL OF THE PEOPLE SHOULD NOT BE THWARTED BY KIRK AND HIS COHORTS. Judge Slack's exact words are quoted below, and anyone can tell by the tenor of his words that he decided the question right.

KNOX CIRCUIT COURT.

September 23rd, 1916.
Andrew J. Kirk, vs. FLEM D. SAMPSON, JUDGE.
The first question that is presented is as to the jurisdiction. The Act provides as to the notice that it shall be served in the same manner as summons from the Circuit court, and shall notify the contestee of the time and place where he shall defend the contest. It then provides that the contest shall be tried by the Judge of the Circuit court of the county in which the contestee resides or is served. It further provides that in a contest for nominations of officers of the state at large the contest shall be tried in the Franklin circuit court.

Now, until I came here to consider this case, I had never had any question in my mind as to what was meant by nominations for officers of the state at large. It meant, as I always understood it, and understand it yet, the officer elected by all of the people of the State of Kentucky. Of course, there is a difference. The election is by districts as to Judges of the Court of Appeals, and after they are elected they become state officers, and in a sense officers of the state at large. But their election is not from the state at large. Their election is from districts. And officers which are treated as officers of the state at large are officers elected by all of the people of the state, and in this provision the clerk of the court of appeals is the only one not mentioned. All through the constitution and through the statutes, in the same way they treat officers of the state and for the state as officers elected by the voters of the whole state, and the others by divisions. They treat them separately all the time, but continually refer to them in the same way. For instance, in this same provision as to officers of the state at large, it is provided that the treasurer, auditor and so forth shall be elected by the qualified voters of the state at the same time the Governor is elected and for a term of four years. And then it is provided that any others inferior to state officers, the legislature may provide for. So it is referred to all the way through, and I do not think that under any construction that

could be given the statute here it meant that any contest for officers other than those elected by the people of the whole state should be considered as officers of the state at large. The same rule would apply to circuit judges and other officers that have jurisdiction all over the state. I think the Franklin Circuit court does not have jurisdiction.

And then I think that under the provisions of this Act that the contest shall be tried by the judge of the circuit court of the county in which the contestee resides or is served, that it could be tried in either county, if served in any other county than that in which the contestee resided.

So I will sustain the demurrer to the plea to the jurisdiction, and that brings us up to the other matter.

I do not think it makes much difference what I say about the case one way or the other, but I will talk about it a little, perhaps.

In my opinion, Section 11, which provides that if it appears on the trial that the contestee has violated the provisions of the Act, his election shall be declared void, and that the candidate who has received the next highest number of votes and who has not violated the provisions of the Act shall be declared nominated unless it appears that one of the parties received a plurality of the votes and did not violate the Act—that renders it without sense. If this provision in this Act cannot be construed without that clause it is clearly absurd. And I understand from the information Judge O'Rear has given outside of the record just how it happened. It is in the enrolled bill, as I understand it, and with that in that way it vitiate the whole section there would be an end to this controversy, because there is no provision to declare the nomination void if that provision is excluded.

But I don't think that the meaning of this Act is that the requirements as to filing these statements are mandatory, that those statements shall be filed on the exact day mentioned. The statute provides for the prevention of corruption in elections, and sets out various acts of corporations and candidates which are prohibited. It provides that candidates who fail to file these statements are to be fined, and provides that they cannot get certificates of nominations until they do file them. So I think that that relates entirely to the issue of the certificate and not to the forfeiture of the election. This election is by the people. It is not like a man getting on the ballot to become a candidate; that is with him as to whether he will become a candidate. The people do not get him to become a candidate. He does that of his own volition. But in this instance, a nomination by a primary, the people have selected a candidate, and he has become their candidate. He is the people's candidate, and their will should not be defeated by his omission to file this statement on the exact day mentioned in the statute, because that is not the purpose of the statute; it does not come within the provision as to corrupt practices, the failure to file the statement. And I think it is quite possible that he may not have been notified that filing the statement was required. It is presumed that everybody knows the law and that a circuit judge would know it, but it is a very violent presumption, especially when the law has not been published. It seems to me that in a case like this that a man could give a reasonable excuse for not having complied with the literal provisions of the act as to the day specified in the statute. And a reasonable excuse has been furnished and these statements have been filed. So I think the contest ought to be dismissed.

Judge Slack is a Republican, he comes from the western end of the state; he had no "ax" to grind; he was perfectly satisfactory to all, and all are satisfied with his judgment in the case, except Kirk.

At the conclusion of the rendering of the judgement, the vast audience thronged about Judge Sampson, shaking his hand, and many eyes were with tears of joy. It was more than thirty minutes before Judge Sampson was able to get out of the court house, and the telephones of the city and county were busy heralding the glad news that Judge Sampson had been vindicated.

The case goes to the Court of Appeals, but Judge Sampson and

his friends have no fears as to the outcome of that body. Judge Sampson is the choice of the people, he won by 859 majority, and the people propose to stand by him to the end.

Judge Willis was here, and he seemed as happy as did any of the many friends of Judge Sampson. We are glad to say that Kirk is the only one of those who ran, that does not say that Judge Sampson is the rightful man to go on the official ballot in the November election. Judge Faulkner is quoted in the Paintsville Post as follows: "There are no sore spots on me above the knees, Judge Sampson won, and ought not to be harassed by a contest." Judge Faulkner received about 4000 votes in this race. He received a severe wound on the knee when his horse fell with him when he was making the rounds of his campaign. This is why he says there are no sore spots above the knees.

Judge Sampson ran a clean race; he did not use money to influence any man to vote for him, neither did he use any abusive language to, or about, any of his opponents. He has left a good taste in the mouth of all of them except Kirk.

"Whats Doing in Politics" In Knox County.

The campaign for Hughes and Fairbanks in Knox County this fall will be noted for unusual activity. Republicans throughout the county are getting busy already organizing in every precinct in an effort to eclipse all previous records to poll a large Republican vote.

The party has profited by the sad experience of the past in losing the election of the candidate of its choice by narrow margins. We might well have had the Governor a Republican at the last State race if only 500 more Republicans of Knox county had voted in that contest. Ed Morrow lost by 471, while every one knows that we could have given Morrow and the Republican ticket at that election three times that number and still have had Republicans not voting. The folks in the mountains and in Knox County are good and loyal Republicans, but votes not cast will not count, they should not count; and the only way to have our vote counted is to be at the polls on election day and vote.

It is being arranged by the campaign committee to have a speaking campaign following the organizations of the various precincts of the county. There will be more than thirty speakers and campaigners in the field.

Among those of the leading Republicans who have offered their services to the committee are: Congressman Caleb Powers, Sheriff S. L. Lewis, W. H. McDonald, J. D. Tuggle, J. M. Robison, Sol T. Steele, J. F. Catron, Sawyer A. Smith, V. C. McDonald, J. H. Jarvis, G. B. Deatherage, E. McKeehan, Senator B. C. Lewis, Representative C. H. Bays, Dr. W. C. Black, R. N. Jarvis, W. R. Lay, F. J. Mitchell, John W. Hughes, Jas. S. Golden, Chas. West, Read P. Black, Jesse Turner, J. H. Catron.

The Republicans in this neck of the woods are enthusiastic and confident. Kentucky's electoral vote ought to go to Hughes and Fairbanks this fall, and if it does not the criticisms for failure must not and will not be upon Knox county.

An Error Corrected

Some time last year we got hold of a photo of the house that Capt. John H. Lawson once lived in, which was an old time log house and also a photo of Capt. himself, and in order to have some fun out of him we had cuts made and run them in the paper. Capt. Lawson was not consulted about this, and knew nothing of it until he saw it in the paper.

In our write-up, among other things we said: "Captain Lawson has been urged to make the race for Sheriff of the county and that he had always preferred to stay out in order to help his friends". We did not say then that he never would be a candidate, because we had not consulted him to find out. We have said many things about Mr. Lawson, some that were really rough in our column entitled "Grins and Groans", because we knew him to be a jolly good fellow and did not get mad.

Now we break the news to you that he is, or will be a candidate for the office of sheriff of Knox county. His hat will soon be in the ring and there to stay. We had no authority to say that Capt. Lawson would never be a candidate and we did not say it. We have said many things about him and possibly will have many more to say about him. But bear in mind that he is in the running for sheriff, keep your eye on him and watch the fur fly.

Hon. E. T. Tresfz, of Chicago, Ill., who resigned his position as Secretary of the National Chamber of Commerce delivered one of the best speeches that has been delivered in this city in many years. He went right to the subject matter and did it in a way that Democrats who were present went away with a good taste in their mouths.

In his tribute to the immortal Lincoln, the true Kentuckian, who he described as one sent from God to rule the destinies of this Nation, and who after he had filled his mission here, had been summoned to come to his final reward in that land of sunshine and promise, was one that would appeal to any man. We will have lots more of this type within the next few days and on up until the last gun has been fired in the gr at campaign that is going on, and you should keep your eye on the place and dates and not miss one of them.

We call your attention to the announcement of Mr. W. C. Elliott of King for the office of County Court Clerk.

Mr. Elliott has been a teacher in the common schools of this county, is one of the family of Elliotts who have helped to make Knox county, they being pioneers of this county and state. He is a young man and has a large train of relatives and is well known in the down river country where he was raised.

It gives us much pleasure to show to the fellows that want to get the nomination for Clerk that we will "Tote" fair and give them to understand that the columns of the Advocate are open for all legitimate advertising and that we hold them in kind remembrance for this their kind and much appreciated patronage.

Roosevelt Likes Powers' Speech.

Office of Theodore Roosevelt.
August 17th, 1916.

My dear Mr. Powers:
I have just seen your speech "Woodrow Meets Wilson Coming Back." It is capital, and I shall use some of it, including especially your remark about his "Single track mind" having ample switching facilities, in a speech I am about to make.

Faithfully yours,
Theodore Roosevelt.

The Republican National Campaign Committee is sending out thousands of Mr. Powers's speech into every State in the Union as a campaign document. We are glad that the speech of our member of Congress is valued so highly.

The contest case wherein A. J. Kirk is trying to resurrect the old Goebel ring rule, and thwart the will of the people in the selection of the candidate for Judge of the Court of Appeals, is being argued in the Court of Appeals today.

"S-O-M-E Doughnut!"
"Any time you want real goodies use Calumet Baking Powder! My mother uses it—she's tried all others—she's learned her lesson—now she sticks to Calumet."
"Unequaled for making tender, wholesome, light cakes. As well as leaving and raising qualities—uniform results. Mother says Calumet is the most economical to buy—most economical to use. Try it at once."
Received Highest Awards
New Cook Book Free—see Slip in Powder Can

NOT MADE BY THE TRUST
CALUMET
BAKING POWDER
CALUMET BAKING POWDER CO.
CHICAGO

Cheap and big can Baking Powders don't save you money. Calumet does—it's pure and far superior to sour milk and soda.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

For Superintendent of Schools.

We are authorized to announce
E. B. HEMPHILL
of Barbourville,
as a candidate for the office of Superintendent of Schools of Knox County, subject to the action of the Republican Primary August 4th, 1917.

For Jailer.

We are authorized to announce
CHARLES H. BOTNER
of Grays
as a candidate for the office of Jailer of Knox County, subject to the action of the Republican Primary, August 4, 1917.

We are authorized to announce
E. J. WYRICK,
of Barbourville, Ky.

As a candidate for the Republican Nomination for the office of Jailer of Knox County, subject to the action of the Republican Primary, to be held August 4, 1917.

We are authorized to announce
C. A. WEST,
of Barbourville, Ky.

As a candidate for the Republican Nomination for the office of Jailer of Knox County, subject to the action of the Republican Primary, to be held August 4, 1917.

At the solicitation of my many friends I have concluded to enter the race for the nomination for Jailer. I refer you to my past record, and ask you to support me again for this Office believing that I have so conducted myself as to merit your unbounded confidence. Thanking all my friends for their support in the past and hoping to be favored with your future support, I am
Respectfully yours,
FRANK J. MITCHELL.

I am a candidate for the office of Jailer of Knox County, subject to the action of the Republican party at its primary to be held on Saturday August 4th 1917.

I have been a life long Republican, all my people have always voted the ticket, and none has ever held office in the County. I place my claim in the hands of my friends to consider.
Respt. Yours,
JEFF HALE.

For Justice of the Peace.

We are authorized to announce
W. H. SOWDER as a candidate for Justice of the Peace, 8th district subject to the action of the Republican Primary to be held August 4th, 1917.

M. Hubbard, of Artemus, for Justice of the Peace of the Brush Creek district, subject to the action of the Republican party at the Primary to be held August 4th, 1917.

We are authorized to announce
Hon. R. E. JOHNSON, as a candidate for the office of Justice of the Peace, in the second District composed of Artemus, Lay, Prosper, Warren, Wheeler, Anchor. Subject to the action of Republican party, Aug. 4th 1917.

For Assessor

We are authorized to announce
NEWTON JACKSON
Cannon, Ky.

as a candidate for the office of County Assessor, subject to the action of the Republican party at the Primary to be held on Saturday August 4th, 1917.

We are authorized to announce
W. N. EPPERSON
Girdler Ky.,

as a candidate for the office of County Assessor subject to the action of the Republican party at the regular primary to be held on August 4th, 1917.

For County Court Clerk.

We are authorized to announce
the name of John F. Laws, of Place as a candidate for the office of Clerk of the County Court subject to the action of the republican party at the Primary to be held Aug. 4th 1916.

We are authorized to announce
W. C. ELLIOTT
of King, Ky.

as a candidate for the office of County Court Clerk, subject to the action of the Republican party at the primary to be held on August 4th, 1917.

I wish to announce myself as a candidate for the Office of County Judge of Knox County, subject to the action of the Republican party at the primary to be held August 4th, 1917. I have always been a republican, have voted the ticket and espouse its cause. I believe that I am qualified to fill this responsible position with credit to myself, and profit to the taxpayers of Knox County. If nominated and elected to this Office you will find me every day in the year at my post of duty to take care of the interest of the whole people.

Very truly yours,
G. B. Detherage.

For County Judge

We are authorized to announce
of Hon John T. Stamper, as a candidate for the office of County Judge of Knox county, subject to the action of the Republican party at the primary to be held August 4th, 1917.

The Only Grand Prize

(Highest Award)
given to
Dictionaries
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Pacific Exposition
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NEW INTERNATIONAL**

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WILSON'S PERU PROTEGE IS WORSE THAN HUERTA

Recognized Benavides as President After He Had Obtained Power in a Sister Republic Treachery and Violence.

ACT DOES NOT SQUARE WITH SMUG DICTUM IN HIS SPEECH

Latin American Diplomats Amazed When They Read the President's Explanation of His Mexican Policy—Informed Their Governments That Mr. Wilson's Personal Whims Doubtless Were to Be His Guides in Conducting This Government's Latin American Policy.

Latin American diplomats are amazed at the statement in President Wilson's speech of acceptance: "So long as the power of recognition rests with me, the government of the United States will refuse to extend the hand of welcome to any one who obtains power in a sister republic by treachery and violence."

This is the president's explanation of his refusal to recognize Huerta and of his Mexican policy. Yet the records show that President Wilson has deliberately violated this dictum in several instances since the case of Huerta arose.

The most flagrant example was the president's recognition extended to Colonel Benavides, head of the revolutionary government in Peru, in February, 1914. His government was founded on assassination, established by assassination and had no vestige of constitutional authority back of it. It came into power on Feb. 4, 1914, when Colonel Benavides led the garrison troops against the national palace at Lima, imprisoned President Billinghurst and assassinated the minister of war and all others who opposed the coup d'etat.

More flagrant than Mexico. Minister McMillin reported these facts fully to Washington and assumed that this government would decline to sanction the newly established regime. The case was identical with the Huerta case in Mexico, except a much more flagrant violation of the spirit of popular government. Huerta had Madero and Vice President Suarez imprisoned, but he became president of Mexico under provisions of the constitution providing for the succession of the minister of foreign affairs upon the disability of the president. Huerta's accession to the presidency was confirmed by the Mexican congress.

Benavides came into power simply by killing those who opposed him. His acts had no basis whatever in the constitution of the country and were not confirmed by the Peruvian congress. His sole backing was a junta of conspirators, which forced their will on the unapproving people by means of ready rifle bullets. Under these circumstances Minister McMillin naturally assumed that President Wilson would have nothing to do with Benavides and his junta. The president shortly before this had stated in a speech at Mobile, Ala.: "We must follow the course of high principle, not expediency, no matter what the pressure. To do otherwise would be untrue to ourselves."

Envoy Is Surprised. Mr. McMillin was therefore mildly surprised when he was instructed by President Wilson to call on the newly established Benavides and graciously confer the recognition of the United States Government upon him.

In explaining this the President simply said that "expediency dictated the recognition of the revolutionary government of Peru." He told his advisers that he had not liked the personality of Billinghurst. He was chagrined also with the news that Billinghurst had intended to dissolve the Peruvian congress, which the President said would have been an unconstitutional act. Latin American diplomats at the time were astounded to learn of the President's action in Peru. They found that it was impossible to know where the president stood on any matter of principle and informed their governments that the President's personal whims doubtless were to be his guidance in conducting this government's Latin American policy.

HUGHES ON REUNITED PARTY.

"I come to you as the spokesman of a reunited party. We have said that it was reunited; we have believed it was reunited; we have devoutly hoped it was reunited. Now, Maine proves that it is reunited. I am glad to speak for the reunited Republican party because it is a great liberal party. It started as a liberal party; its best traditions are those of a liberal party. And today it faces the future with a truly national outlook and a progressive spirit."—Charles E. Hughes in a speech delivered at Pittsborough, N. Y.

IF ELECTION WERE OVER?

While Democrats Are Admittedly the Champion Question Plender, It Is Believed This Quiz Is as Unanswerable as Their Most Childlike Effort.

If election day were passed would President Wilson make so little of the principle of arbitration in industrial disputes? Would he be so sure that it is more important to preserve peace, when a great strike is threatened, than to force the means of settling differences between capital and labor?

If election day had come and gone would Mr. Wilson keep the national guardsmen of the country in camp on the ground that they may be needed to protect the United States against Mexico? Would there be months of inaction and indecision in which no use is made of a large body of citizen soldiers? Would they not be allowed to go home or else be set in motion to make Mexico as safe a neighbor as the Administration seems to think that it is already?

If election day were past would the President drive through Congress a bill like the shipping bill which is intended to embark the federal government upon a new venture in a hazardous field and use \$50,000,000 of the people's money to buy tonnage held above its normal value or else so owned that it cannot be used without peril of international complications? Is sound public policy behind such a measure or only campaign politics?

If election day were not to be considered would Woodrow Wilson use so many high and mighty words in international notes and do so little to make them mean anything practical? Would his deeds lag so far behind his phrases?—Cleveland Leader.

"HE DIDN'T DO RIGHT."

Independent Voters Turning This Conviction Over and Over in Their Minds and It Will Cost Mr. Wilson Many a Vote.

A Democrat who never voted for a Republican candidate for President except in 1872, when he was forced by the lack of a Democratic nominee to cast his ballot for Horace Greeley, says: "I expect to vote for Woodrow Wilson, but I don't like his course in the railroad dispute. He didn't do right."

The railroad controversy has introduced a moral issue into the campaign. Mr. Wilson sacrificed principle to expediency, or what he judges to be expediency, when he tamely surrendered to the demands of the train-service brotherhoods.

He put his own personal and party need before the public good. He angled for votes. He aimed a body blow at the tried and tested arbitration method of settling differences.

"God help you, I cannot," he is said to have exclaimed to the railroad managers, who do not poll as many votes as their employees. But he could have helped them if he had stood impartially between them and the utterly reckless train-service representatives who were bent on their rule-or-ruin programme.

"He didn't do right." The consciousness of that fact is sinking deep into the American mind.

"He didn't do right." That widespread conviction will cost him thousands of votes on election day.

"He didn't do right." He preferred the weak, the timid attitude of the born compromiser.

The American people like courage. They like convictions. They like a man who has the courage of his convictions. They like a man who is willing to risk consequences for the sake of a just cause.

It was an unjust cause in which Woodrow Wilson enlisted when he accepted the brotherhood view that the chief item in their demands could not be arbitrated.—Providence Journal.

FIVE THOUSAND A DAY

Enrollments in the Hughes National College League.

The Hughes National College League, 511 Fifth avenue, New York, is receiving enrollments at the rate of five thousand a day. They are coming from all parts of the country, and the work of organizing branches in all states and most of the important cities has been started. A large percentage of the enrollments are from men who give their usual political affiliations as Progressive, Democratic or Independent.

The league has received the endorsement of Governor Hughes, who wired: "If there was ever a time when the educated men of the country who have their welfare at heart should work for right principles and strong government it is now." Chairman Wilcox of the Republican National Committee, ex-President Taft, and John Hays Hammond have also praised the work enthusiastically, as much on the score of the benefit to the men themselves as of the real work it will do to help elect Governor Hughes.

The British censorship is delaying the United States mails almost as annoyingly as Burleson's inefficiency.

"BEATEN GOOD AND PLENTY"

Champ Clark Sees No Rainbows in Maine Result.

"We got whipped, and I guess that is all I will say about the Maine election," said Speaker Champ Clark. "We got beaten good and plenty."

DECLINED TO PERMIT A SQUADRON TO DEFEND AMERICANS.

At Tampico there was a general movement of attack by the Mexicans on Americans and other foreigners. We had a squadron of American warships in the neighborhood. The Wilson Administration declined to permit this squadron to be used to defend the lives of American men and the honor of American women, and the commanders of the German and English ships at Tampico had to step in and perform the task our representative had so basely abandoned. At the very time that the Mexican mob had surrounded the building in which the Americans had taken refuge and was howling for their blood, the American fleet, in spite of the protests of the American naval commander, and in accordance with wireless orders from Washington, was forced to steam out of the harbor and leave the Americans to be massacred by the Mexicans or rescued by the Germans and English.—From the Speech of Col. Theodore Roosevelt, delivered at Lewiston, Maine, in behalf of Charles E. Hughes.

POLITICAL JOTTINGS

If plans to get Villa are abandoned Villa should recognize and refrain from organizing expeditions "to get" American citizens.

The fact that Mr. Wilson could endorse this Pork Congress shows that he isn't seasick, anyway.

Mr. Pinchot also seems of the opinion that God Hates a Quitter.

The man who quotes the Baltimore platform is regarded as a political archeologist.

"He kept the country out of war," but he robbed it of its peace.

Up in Maine they are now rhyming Hughes with Moose. And there is reason as well as rhyme connecting the two words.

"Victory," Mr. Fairbanks told Oklahoma Republicans, "surely will perch on our banner." But Champ Clark tied it up in a neater and more compact bundle when he said: "They licked hell out of us."

Members of President Wilson's cabinet are ready to do anything to re-elect their chief, except resign.

Writes a former Princeton man: "At first we called him 'W. W.'; then we made it 'I. W. W.'"

That one term plank in the Democratic platform of 1912—it is more than likely to hold, after all.

When President Wilson called upon the Mexican commissioners at New London he revived old precedents, but did he wave the Stars and Stripes?

A man in Washington has made a bust of the President, thus anticipating Mr. Hughes by several weeks.

Discussing the indorsement by the Democratic convention of Texas of Mr. Wilson's Mexican policy, the Houston Post (Dem.) flatly declares: "It is not believed anything like a majority of the people of Texas indorse our Mexican policy, and those in a position to know seriously doubt that the platform adopted expressed the real sentiments of the convention itself."

The Omaha Bee couples woeful waste with watchful waiting as a Democratic failing.

Boiled down, the best that has been said of President Wilson's Mexican policy was that he had good intentions. We've often heard of a road paved with this kind of material.

The President is deceived if he believes that the history he has written is not more praiseworthy than that which he has made.

President Wilson signed the Philippine bill as moving picture cameras clicked. There is one man who is not afraid to have his mistakes recorded!

WILSON CONSISTENT ONLY IN HIS VAGILLATION.

As it is with "war," so it is with "intervention." President Wilson has again and again said he would not "intervene" in Mexico. As a matter of fact he has intervened continuously—lowered any policy of either intervention or non-intervention with any resolution—always yielding at the critical moment to some bandit chief of whom he became fearful—both his spasms of intervention and his spasms of non-intervention have alike been entirely futile.—From the Speech of Col. Theodore Roosevelt, delivered at Lewiston, Maine, in behalf of Charles E. Hughes.

FINNEGAN'S PHILOSOPHY.

On The Merry-Go-Round.

"Faith an' now Wilson's for protection. Four year ago he was agin it, for it was agin the constychoosun. Now that he is for it, that immortal instrument has also changed its mind. He makes me head swim."

"But I've good company. Bryan an' Garrison, the civil service Dimyrcrats, and the rale Dimyrcrats, the Passylists an' the vulgar sows that's none 'Too Proud to Fight'—they've all been on the Merry-go-round. Some iv thim turned sick."

"God bless ye—ye're a good man, but ye make me dizzy," says Bryan, leppin' from the Hobby-Horse and runnin' for the woods. "I've a galywine saygit at losin' ye," says Wudthrow throwin' him a Cocked-Hat iv the vintage of 1909.

"Here's the Army bill," says Garrison. "How does it suit?" he axes.

"Fine," says Wudthrow, "barrin' a few changes. 'Ye'll redraw it,' he says, 'to provide,' says he, 'voluntary universal service in a Federal Militia,' says he, 'controlled by the states,' says he; 'an recruited by spiritual compulsion,' says he. 'It shud be nayther too large nor too small,' says he; 'or maybe both,' he says; 'an the ammunition,' says he, 'must be nayther too much, nor too little,' says he. 'I've to see Hay, before I decide the daytates, for 'tis me jooty to kape an open mind,' says Wudthrow.

"Stop the music and lave me off," says Garrison. "Are ye crazy or am I?" Garrison moans, layin' on his back an' gazin' wildly at th' sky. "God bless ye," says Wudthrow. "I've a near-real saygit at losin' ye," he says. And as Garrison beats it to Jarvey the Merry-go-Round plays a side step.

"What iv the Navy," says Kitchin. "It shud be thur'y adequate fry-where," says the Great Idylst, "except in Montany, where we need no Navy," says he, "and in St. Loney, where it shud be the biggest in the world. We'll be none extravagant like thim Raypublicans," says he, "so here's the Dimyrcrat hat ye'll pass," says he.

"But this same is the Raypublican's bill," says Kitchin starrin'. "Ye'll go an' pass it," says Wudthrow, poundin' the desk. "Hoaray," says the black Raypublicans votin' for the bill. "Do I dream," says Kitchin. "If I ever drank, I'd tink I was boozed," says Kitchin in a thremblin' vice. And he falls off.

"How about the Army bill," axes Hay.

"Through an' instant preparation for defense must be the word," says Wudthrow, wid heroic rishtion in his eye.

"I have here a bill," says Hay, "providin' for an increase iv five hundred men a year for twenty year," he says; "an' amysun for six hours' acksum," he says; "twill make us safe from maddygasker, measles, muckrakin', millerism and marital infidelity," he says, "an' we'll catch Villy before he dies av he doant die afore we catch him," says Hay.

"Embrace me," s/s Wilson. "Oh Hay—after all preparation is a matter iv the heart an' not of guns or forts," he axes, stoppin' short like.

"Divil a wan," says Hay. "Thin' says Wudthrow shakin' the both iv Hay's hands cordial like, "for yer patriotic service in so bravely supportin' me polices," he says, "in all their phrases," he says; "I make a judge iv ye," he says, "as well as yer friand that ye put in the Joker," says the President. "Howly Saints," says the preparation Sinters.

"Ph-what does this mean at all at all?" they axes. "I've the wan thrack mind," says the President, "an' ye go all through me train iv thought before ye come to the pork car," says he. "Are ye on?" axes the Apostle iv Common Councils.

"We're on," says the Sinters, fallin' off. An' the Merry-go-round plays a Wilson Waltz (which ye know, Jawn, is wan step forward, two steps back, hesitate and sidestep). An' Tumulty goes off to spread the glad tidin's that the preparation parade will be led by the President in person.

"How does he save his face?" asked Malumphy.

"Wid his mouth," responded Finnegan dryly.

OH YOU JOSEPHUS!

This is a free advertisement for "Life," issue of September 14:

If you want to find a reflection of your own inward opinion of the present amiable, inconsequential and befuddling Secretary of the Navy, here 'tis; for "Life" dedicates an entire issue to our own officious, omniscient, ontological, oleaginous, obligarchical Sir Joe-sea-fuss!

Incompetent-Sea. Inefficient-Sea. Idiocy-nara-Sea. Indiscreet-Sea. Delinquent-Sea. Impermanen-Sea. Hypocri-Sea.

Also, with a mind to the juice that has made our State and Navy Departments famous, "Life" proposes this toast:

"Grape Nuts! Bryan and Daniels!"

Hic Jacet!

Of the 38 electors who cast Pennsylvania's vote for Roosevelt in 1912, 35 are living and 27 of them have pledged, untiedly, their support to Mr. Hughes.

The President must be credited with having put a sick one over if he can get the votes and make the people pay the freight.

A CONTEST OF CHARACTER, NOT OF WEASEL WORDS

Cardinal Question in This Campaign Is Whether the People Want in the White House a Phrase Maker or a Man Who Backs Words With Deeds.

Woodrow Wilson excels in the artistry of politics beyond the capacity of Charles Evans Hughes to compete. Were the current campaign a game of professional politics instead of a contest of character between two candidates for the highest office in the gift of the people Mr. Wilson would walk away with the prize next November. All his life he has made a study of form—first of literary form—and later of political form. In the first period he mastered a style peculiarly his own and peculiarly characteristic. The study of words and their multiplicity of meaning always fascinates him, so much that a Princeton classmate recently said of him, "Tommy has lived with words so long he thinks they are real things." Thence comes his collection of what Theodore Roosevelt's Maine guide calls "weasel words." That is—"he can take a word and weasel it around and suck the meaning out of it like a weasel sucks an egg, until it don't mean anything at all, no matter what it sounds like it means." Thence came also the series of catch phrases, so fascinating in sound, so false in suggestion; so easy to read, so hard to understand. So it is that he is able to be on all sides of every public question while covering his circuitous course with a flow of words that roll as easily from his pen as a brook through the meadow. It is his artfulness in the use of words that enables him to pose as "an amateur in politics" while playing the game with the skill of a professional. Whatever his ineptitude in other respects, he is easily first among presidents in the artistry of politics, and he would win next November were that the test.

Compare the willingness of Mr. Wilson with the straightforwardness of Mr. Hughes. Compare the smooth style of the one with the rugged diction of the other. The one is as complex in the use of words as the other is simple. It is a case of sonorousness versus strength. Mr. Hughes is depending upon the strategy of straightforwardness and the strength of sincerity upon the force of facts instead of upon the fiction of a phrase, to win his case before the jury of the nation. His appeal is to the head and not the ear of the people; to their intelligence and not to their emotion; to their heroic side and not to their hysterical side. It is an appeal to the courage of the country and not to its cowardice. Mr. Hughes could not if he would perform in a year the political tricks that Mr. Wilson can do in a day. The question to day is whether the people want in the White House for the next four years a phrase maker or a history maker, a man of many sayings or a man who backs his words with deeds. There is a fundamental difference between the two candidates which marks the line of cleavage in this extraordinary campaign—"Hughes means what he says."

LABOR VOTE NOT DELIVERABLE

This Is the Outstanding Fact Which Political Philosophers Deduce From the Defeat in Maine of Representative McGillicuddy.

From among the numerous lessons or conclusions which the political philosophers can draw from the Maine election one lesson or conclusion stands out more sharply defined than any other. It jumps at you.

The labor vote, for the sake of which the Poltroon Congress tarred and feathered itself with its own hands only a dozen days ago, is not deliverable by traders who pretended to sell it.

This salient fact of the election is illustrated conspicuously in the Second Congress district. There are few places within the confines of our republic where labor is relatively stronger than in the city of Lewiston, the home city of Representative McGillicuddy, and he has made a specialty of it in his own political practice. In the Second Maine, if anywhere, would there be indications of any return, in the shape of votes, for the surrender of Congress to the four Brotherhoods. After a campaign which might almost be called desperate in its effort to save McGillicuddy and one Democratic seat in the House from the Republican onset, Mr. McGillicuddy was defeated by an adverse plurality of nearly 40, whereas he had been elected to the Sixty-second Congress by a plurality of 1,589 and to the Sixty-third by 1,281.

IDEALS OF THE SUCCESS OF THE PLAIN PEOPLE.

"If I did not believe that the Republican party was the party of true progress, which was prepared under its leadership to take the country along the way of adaptation to new needs and exigencies of the future, I should have no pride in representing it. But the party of Lincoln is reunited today, and we consecrate it to the ideals of Lincoln, and those ideals are permanent. These are the ideals of the success of the plain people. They are the ideals of the achievements under free institutions, of success in all the activities of the co-operative energy of the plain people."—Charles E. Hughes in a speech delivered at Pittsborough, N. Y.

WHAT HUGHES WOULD HAVE LEFT UNDONE

That Is Campaign's True Angle and Not the Trite Question With Which Hecklers Are Nagging the Republican Standard Bearer.

ACHIEVEMENTS ASSURANCE—BLUNDERING IS NO HABIT

Winning Democrats Trying to Run Away From the Record of the Administration and to Inveigle the Voters Down Rhetorical Bypaths, All in the Thinly-Disguised Effort to Change the Subject.

When Mr. Hughes criticises the record of the Administration the spokesmen of Mr. Wilson cry: "What would you have done?" They forget that it is Mr. Wilson and not Mr. Hughes who is on trial. They forget that four years ago Mr. Wilson criticised Mr. Taft and Mr. Roosevelt throughout the campaign and that Mr. Taft and Mr. Roosevelt defended their respective records, instead of crying, "What would you have done?" They forget these things or they refuse to confess them. They are trying to run away from the record of the Administration and induce the people to follow them down some bypath of rhetorical hypothesis, all in the effort to change the subject.

"By their fruits ye shall know them." When Mr. Hughes was Governor of New York he did not pay political debts by filling the public offices with unfit men. He did not champion certain principles during his campaign and repudiate them after he entered office. As Governor, he did not resort to brave and beautiful words as a substitute for firm and consistent deeds. He was careful in his use of words, but he backed his words with deeds. He did not promise what he could not perform. He did not plaster the people with compliments they did not deserve. He was not a rhetorician, he was not a flatterer, he was not "too proud to fight" for labor or for capital, for the strong or the weak, when the right was on their side.

Mr. Wilson's spokesmen seek to divert attention from the attacks Mr. Hughes is making upon the record of the Administration by asking him, "What would you do?" They are unconsciously helping Mr. Hughes. They are recalling to the memory of the people the record he made throughout his two terms as Governor of New York. It was then that he first said "public office shall not be a private snap under my administration," and made performance square with promise. There is this about Mr. Hughes that makes him so different from Mr. Wilson: "Hughes means what he says." So it is that the campaign is really a contest of character between two men, with sincerity as the differentiating and deciding factor.

FIERY WORDS.

"Direct violations of a nation's sovereignty cannot await vindication in suits for damage. The nation which violates those essential rights must be checked and called to account by direct challenge and resistance."—From Woodrow Wilson's Speech Accepting the Democratic Nomination For Presidency.

BUT—The American flag is still unsaluted at Vera Cruz.

Villa is still uncaptured and unpunished.

Carranza still slaps the United States.

There still has been no accounting for American lives and property destroyed in Mexico.

The whole question of reparation for invasion of American rights by various warring nations is still sleeping in a pigeonhole.

AND—

All the "direct challenge and resistance" noticeable to the average American is included in a series of notes said to possess high literary quality, if nothing else in particular.

Wabbling Woodrow.

Opportunism has claims that every statesman must respect. But never has there been an opportunist in the White House of greater willingness to change than the present incumbent. The country feared it had placed power in the hands of a doctrinaire schoolmaster incapable of bending. It finds that it has a man of remarkable plasticity of judgment, who one moment stands for states' rights and the next for nationalism, who one day is a pacifist, and the next is out-shouting Col. Roosevelt for arms and ships, who one week is for a barren neutrality and the next for war in behalf of general righteousness, who one night is for collective wage bargaining and arbitration of industrial disputes and the next is waving the flag of decreasing wages up or down as the votes of the larger number can be controlled.—New York Globe and Commercial Advertiser.

Gen. Pershing's army is to move in five batts. "It for a fight or a frolic." To the credit let it be said it went to

Four Times Around The Earth.

If all the coffee made by the users of Arbuckle Brothers Coffee, was served at one time, and the cups and saucers were set side by side touching each other they would span the earth four times.

This is the largest firm in the world selling package coffee. They are not incorporated. The business was started more than 55 years ago, by John and Phil Arbuckle, and is owned today by three of their descendants. They have their own ships with which to bring their coffee from Mexico and they buy 60% of the entire output of that country they buy 75% of the production of Brazil. They own 14 city squares in New York City. They were the first people in the United States to roast and package coffee.

They are represented in this territory by Mr. W. H. Green, who has represented them for the last twelve months, at the time he began to sell coffee there were in this city 24 stores that handled coffee, but only four of them sold Arbuckle's. Now Arbuckle's coffee is sold in 23 of them. Mr. Green has 14 counties over which he travels, nine in Kentucky and five in the State of Tennessee.

Mr. Green is one of our own boys; he came to this town 18 years ago and entered school; he, after that, taught in the County Schools. He was one of the first to answer the call for volunteers in the Spanish-American War, serving with the First Kentucky Cavalry. He has held the office of Post Master in this city and was, for three years, Asst. Labor Inspector under Gov. Wilson.

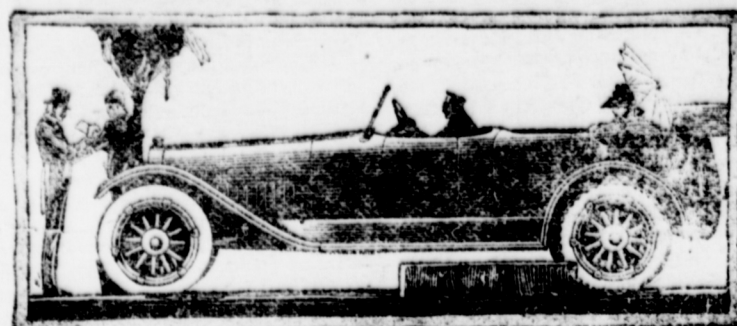
He is a tireless worker and always makes good. He is known all over the State as a "hustler." Arbuckle Bros. always get the best to represent them; that is the secret of their great success.

Strayed or Stolen

Large Pointer Bird Dog, white with liver spots, small growth on hip, last seen at Jarvis Store. Notify this office and receive a reward.

Announcing A Mid-Year Model Combining the Best 257 Show Models

Mitchell
\$1325



Six cylinders—high-power, high-speed motor—127-inch wheelbase. Anti-skid tires on rear. Complete modern equipment, including motor-driven tire pump.

\$1325 f. o. b. Racine
for 5 Passenger
Touring Car or 3 Passenger
Roadster.

\$1450 f. o. b. Racine
for New 7 Passenger
Mitchell Eight.

Mitchell-Lewis Motor Company, Racine, Wis. U. S. A.

For sale in Knox, Bell, Harlan, Whitley, & Laurel counties, by V. C. McDonald, Barbourville, Ky.

How To Give Good Advice

The best way to give good advice is to set a good example. When others see how quickly you get over your cold by taking

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy they are likely to follow your example. This remedy has been in use for many years and enjoys an excellent reputation. Obtainable everywhere.

**STOP
AT THE
GALT HOUSE
WHEN IN LOUISVILLE
European Plan
Good Rooms for \$1 Per Day
Fine Dining Room with Excellent Service
and Low Prices. Free Auto-Bus Meets
Trains Turkish and Electric Baths.
WRITE FOR RESERVATIONS**

NOTICE!

TO ALL ROAD OVERSEERS AND ROAD HANDS:

The First week in October is the time to put the County roads in condition for Winter. This must be done, and you are hereby notified to warn out your men the first and second weeks in October and put the roads in good condition by ditching, dreading, filling over brush, placing culverts and removing any and all obstructions from the county roads. Those who fail to do this will be reported to the Grand Jury at its November term. This includes all the roads in the county.

On October the 16th a tour of Dixie Highway Commissioners will leave Cincinnati with one hundred and fifty or two hundred cars and trucks and will be through Knox County the 17th of October. The road from Corbin to Barbourville by the way of Place, Gray, Roseland, Tunnel Hill, Emanuel, Bailey's Switch and to Barbourville should be put in good condition, and from Barbourville to the Bell county line by the way of Artemus, Himyar, Old Flat Lick, Flat Lick, Elys and to the Bell line. The overseers, citizens and tax payers of the county should be deeply interested in having the road from Corbin to the Bell line in splendid shape for this tour. On that date the business men of the North and South, together with all the officers of the Dixie Highway Commission wants to pass through our county; let's help them thru; it means something in the near future and it means it for us. They want the Dixie Highway through this Eastern route—we want it too. Let's everybody along the line come out, regardless of whether he is too old or too young. Bring your teams and tools and let's show the world and them that we want them to come.

Respectfully,

THOMAS G. HAMMONS,
County Judge,

RHEUMATISM ARRESTED

Many people suffer the torture of lame muscles and stiffened joints because of impurities in the blood, and each succeeding attack seems more acute until rheumatism has invaded the whole system. To arrest rheumatism it is quite as important to improve your general health as to purify your blood, and the cod liver oil in Scott's Emulsion is nature's great blood-maker, while its medicinal nourishment strengthens the organs to expel the impurities and rebuild your strength. Scott's Emulsion is helping thousands every day who could not find other relief. Refuse the alcoholic substitutes.

EDITORIAL COMMENTS.

If you had two dollars to invest would you trust it to the business sagacity of Josephus Daniels? Then, why let him handle the millions that are to be spent on the new navy?

Judging by the signs of War Department activity the Administration is cunningly arranging to bring the militiamen home just in time to enable them to vote for Mr. Hughes.

A train of thought on a one-track mind has to be composed of shuttle cars.

Three years ago Woodrow Wilson was explaining that hard times were psychological, but he isn't trying to squirm out of responsibility for the present prosperity.

The disaster to the Memphis caused very little excitement, Americans being used nowadays to seeing the navy on the rocks.

This Democratic Congress has passed into history—profane history.

President Wilson's speech of acceptance could have been phrased even more succinctly in the graphic words of Boss Tweed, "What are you going to do about it?"

We see by the interviews with the Mexican commissioners that the campaign slogan this year in the Sonora bandit belt is "Thank God for Woodrow Wilson."

Mr. Wilson's eulogy of Lincoln at Hodgenville was more literary but less sincere than the one he pronounced upon himself at Shadow Lawn.

The new half dollars will have an olive branch on one side and on the other an eagle, in full flight. Wilson money.

Motto of the McAdoo shipping law: "The sun never rises on the American flag."

A Democrat's idea of an ideal watchdog of the Treasury is a Pommeranian.

Mr. Wilson is now busily engaged working the other side of the suffrage street.

The campaign agents who two years ago were busily engaged thanking God for Woodrow Wilson seem to be taking their vacations just now.

A record wasn't the only thing the late Congress broke—there's the Federal Treasury.

Congress didn't want a Tariff Commission composed of \$12,000 men, those \$7,500 salaries being designed for \$1,200 men.

President Wilson's scheme for commissions for everything has been adroitly planned to make three jobs for deserving Democrats grow where only one would grow before.

Vice-President Marshall says Mr. Hughes is an echo of the past. Quite true. Of statesmanship, of patriotic performance and sane legislation.

Worn Out?

No doubt you are, if you suffer from any of the numerous ailments to which all women are subject. Headache, backache, sideache, nervousness, weak, tired feeling, are some of the symptoms, and you must rid yourself of them in order to feel well. Thousands of women, who have been benefited by this remedy, urge you to

TAKE

Cardui
The Woman's Tonic

Mrs. Sylvia Woods, of Clifton Mills, Ky., says: "Before taking Cardui, I was, at times, so weak I could hardly walk, and the pain in my back and head nearly killed me. After taking three bottles of Cardui, the pains disappeared. Now I feel as well as I ever did. Every suffering woman should try Cardui." Get a bottle today. E-68

Driving the brain starts the pain

Over-work, worry and the constant strain of a business life are often a cause of much trouble.

Dr. Miles' Nervine is highly recommended for all Nervous disorders. It is particularly invaluable to business women. Regulate your bowels by using

DR. MILES' LIVER PILLS

IF FIRST BOTTLE, OR BOX, FAILS TO BENEFIT YOU, YOUR MONEY WILL BE REFUNDED.



NERVOUS ATTACKS.
"I suffered with nervous attacks and headaches. Then my liver got out of order and it seemed as though my whole system was upset. I commenced using Dr. Miles' Nervine and also took Dr. Miles' Liver Pills and now I feel perfectly well in every way. My bowels also are in good shape now."
MRS. AUGUSTA KIMMER,
1149 Portland Ave.,
Rochester, N. Y.

District Court of the United States, Eastern District of Kentucky.

United States Marshall's Sale.

By virtue of execution No. 327, directed to me, which issued from the clerk's office of the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Kentucky, in favor of the United States, I or one of my deputies will on the 22nd day of October, 1916, that being the October term of the Knox County Court, between the hours of one o'clock P. M. and three o'clock P. M. at the Court House door in Barbourville, Knox County, Kentucky, expose to public sale to the highest and best bidder the following real estate, or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy the plaintiff's debt, interest and cost. To-wit: One town lot in in Barbourville, Kentucky.

Beginning at junction of the streets running towards Richland creek from the Public Square at a stake, thence Northward with the Public square 30 feet to the corner of William Phipps lot, now S. S. Sawyers, thence with the line of said Phipps lot now Sawyer's lot, back 60 feet to a stone at the line of H. H. Steele's lot now owned by Mrs. T. J. Hale; thence with the said line of Steele lot 30 feet to the aforesaid street; thence 60 feet to the beginning and being the same lot conveyed by L. H. Jarvis and wife to Thos. G. Hammons by deed of Nov. 27, 1914, and being the same lot conveyed by H. L. Hatton and wife to L. H. Jarvis by deed dated August 6th, 1900, and recorded in the clerk's office of the Knox County Court in Deed Book No. 1, page 138.

Said lot is levied upon as the property of Thomas G. Hammons. The aforesaid lot will be sold subject to a purchase money lien in favor of L. H. Jarvis, amounting to \$573.89.

TERMS: Sale will be made for cash in hand. The amount to be realized by this sale is \$105.50 together with the cost of levy and sale together with the penalty.

This Sept. 2ND, A. D. 1916. R. C. FORD, United States Marshall for the Eastern Dist. Ky., by H. N. Jones, D. M.

WARNING-DANGER

All persons are hereby warned, that any wire, either telephone or electric light wire, which may become broken, and fall into the streets, walks or anywhere within the city of Barbourville, is dangerous. We caution all persons not to touch or come in contact with any such wires, but if any are found, notify the Barbourville Electric Light Heat & Power Co. at once.—Barbourville Electric Light Heat & Power Co. By A. D. Smith, Gen. Mgr.

Professional Cards

A. L. PARKER DENTIST

Office: second floor Parker Bldg. Phones: Office 36, Res. 96.
Barbourville, Kentucky

J. E. FAULKNER DENTIST

Office: Knox St., over store of T. F. Faulkner & Co.
Barbourville, Kentucky

R. N. JARVIS LAWYER

Office with J. M. Robison, over First National Bank
Barbourville, Kentucky

J. M. ROBISON LAWYER

Office over First National Bank
Barbourville, Kentucky

J. T. STAMPER LAWYER

Special Attention to the Collection of Claims
Barbourville, Kentucky

Is your property Insured?

W. R. LAY

Can Give You Protection From Loss By

FIRE and TORNADO.

Office, Lawson Building
BARBOURVILLE, KENTUCKY

SOL T. STEELE LAWYER

Barbourville, Kentucky

L & N TIME TABLE

NORTH BOUND

No. 12 Daily, except Sunday, 1:52 p. m.
No. 22 Daily, due 10:18 a. m.
No. 24 Daily, due 11:42 p. m.

SOUTH BOUND

No. 11 Daily, except Sunday, 6:43 a. m.
No. 21 Daily, due 3:38 a. m.
No. 23 Daily, due 4:10 p. m.

Street car leaves Hotel Jones, 20 minutes before schedule time for trains.

Cumberland R. R. Company

TIME TABLE

South Bound.

TRAINS:—
No. 3, Lve. Artemus 10:30 a. m.
No. 5, Lve. Artemus 4:40 p. m.
No. 35, Lve. " Sundays 7:30 a. m.
No. 37, Lve. " Sundays 4:30 p. m.

North Bound.

No. 4, Arr. Artemus 1:20 p. m.
No. 6, Arr. Artemus 6:45 p. m.
No. 36, Arr. " Sunday 9:40 a. m.
No. 38, Arr. " Sunday 6:45 p. m.
W. B. STARK, Gen. Pass. Agt.
T. H. Hayden, Gen. Mgr.

A Distinctive Reason

What is the chief reason for the superiority of Royal Baking Powder?

There are several good reasons, but there is one which distinguishes Royal from other baking powders.

This reason, which every woman should know, is that Royal Baking Powder is made from cream of tartar, which comes from grapes. This means a healthful fruit origin. It means natural food as distinguished from mineral substitutes used in other baking powders.

There is no alum nor phosphate in Royal Baking Powder.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO
New York

Local Briefs

W. W. Tinsley was in Harlan last week.

Jesse D. Tuggle was in Williamsburg this week.

W. R. Lay went to Williamsburg this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Bilquez of New York were here Sunday.

Thos. D. Tinsley was in Clay county last week on business.

T. J. Gilbert of Pineville, was here last Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Lay of Corbin made a trip to this city Sunday evening in their auto.

The New pastor of the M. E. church preached his first sermons last Sunday morning and evening.

Mr. Robert Bain who is in his 93rd year is very low with senility. He is not expected to recover.

Alex N. Parker, of Grays, was up Saturday to attend the Comley-Parker wedding.

To the delight of the Southern Methodist people, and in no wise the displeasure of the other denominations, Rev. S. C. Williams has been sent out again as our pastor.

Services Sunday morning at eleven o'clock and Sunday evening at seven. Everybody welcome.

Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Spratt, of Richlands Va. are visiting their daughter, Mrs. R. H. Newitt.

Hon. Sawyer A. Smith has been billed for a weeks speaking in the county of Rockcastle; look out for him boys you will have a treat when you hear him.

Last Wednesday night the best picture show ever given by the Star Theater was put on. The title was "The Warrens of Virginia"; tomorrow night will be another big six reeler.

Coal bills are a large part of your living expense—reduce both by using Cole's Hot Blast Heaters.

The Grand Lodge of Masons, and the Grand Lodge of the Chapters, will convene in Louisville on Tuesday Oct. 17th, at 10:00 o'clock. This will be the 116 Grand communication.

Mac, Ben and Steve Hemphill who are teaching in Bell and Knox counties, were here Sunday to see their parents, Mr. and Mrs. John W. Hemphill.

The younger set had a most delightful time Wednesday night. They had the big ice truck of the Barbourville Supply Co., and had a nice lunch which was served at Long Hill by a big camp fire.

Mr. O. D. Hutchins, who was once a resident of this county, now living in Johnson City Tenn. but who yet keeps his membership in Mountain Lodge Masons, and his bank account in the First National, was here for a while yesterday.

Mountain Lodge held its regular communication last Monday night, there was no work, but on Saturday night October the 14th, there will be work in all the degrees and a lunch will be served. All members and visiting brothers are invited to attend.

Teams Wanted.

We will give \$4.00 per day for teams, will board the driver free, transportation free, will ship the teams to the place of work, at Horton Ky., and will furnish feed for teams at actual cost of the feed, and will send the team home when the contract is completed. It will take from six weeks to two months to complete the job, steady work. For particulars call on or address, T. J. Vermillion & Sons, opposite L&N Depot, Barbourville, Ky. 10-27.

BE ENERGETIC NOT LAQUID

Medical Authority Tells What This Condition Really Means

"When you are languid and listless, or lack ambition and feel so melancholy that life seems scarcely worth the living, it is absolutely necessary that you take treatment to correct these sub-normal conditions, because you are suffering from derangements of a vital organ," declares one of the greatest medical authorities.

That "tired feeling" means a good deal more than is generally realized. It is not laziness, it is a physical ailment that needs correction quickly before it becomes even more serious by taking a firm hold on you.

Throw off that nervous depression. It is your duty.

Tanlac, the tonic, appetizer and invigorant, that builds new tissues, vitalizes the blood and acts so favorably on ailments of the stomach, liver and kidneys and catarrhal affections of the mucous membranes, is designed especially to correct these conditions. The results of the Tanlac treatment are amazing. It tends to put you back in body and mind like those of fashioned, but most sensible folks—the pioneers, and to make you sturdy and of real manhood and womanhood.

Men and women, from the highest to the lowest walks of life, everywhere are testifying to the relief Tanlac has brought them. No other remedy has ever won such great endorsements that can only come from superlative merits.

Tanlac can now be had in Barbourville at the Herndon Drug Co., where it is being fully explained to all questioners.

Caleb Powers is in much demand as a speaker. The following is a sample of the letters he is receiving:

Washington, D. C.
September 7, 1916.
Honorable Caleb Powers,
Barbourville, Ky.

Dear Powers:—

I have a very hard fight in my district this year, and I am going to ask you to do me the favor to give me a week of your time in October for some very much needed work in Lee and Scott counties. The stress of my work in the Speaker's Bureau have just about worn me out and I fear I will not be able to recuperate sufficiently to enable me to make a very strenuous speaking campaign myself, so that I must depend on several of my friends to help me out in the emergency that confronts me.

I want you to do this for me without fail as you will be able to stir our boys up more effectively than any one I can think of. I therefore hope to receive your early advice that I can count on you.

With kindest regards, I remain
Very truly yours,
C. B. Slomp.

Congressman Slomp is chairman of the Speaker's Bureau for the Republican party throughout the Union.

It may sound funny, and it is funny, that a fellow like W. H. McDonald is called upon to make a dozen political speeches in the State of Indiana, as well as more than a half dozen in the county of Rockcastle. Well he has the nerve to face a Democratic audience anywhere and try to the best of his ability to convince them of the error of their way.

FARM FOR SALE.

Will sell privately farm of 175 acres, close to Springfield and Lebanon, Ky., on good road and well improved. This farm must sell at once. For particulars write T. E. Brown, Lebanon, Ky. 319-15.



The national guard

For defense against invasion, our real national guard is the millions of stalwart, young Americans in all walks of life, who must respond to their country's call for training and service in the ranks of our army and navy. For defense against invasion of the elements CERTAIN-TEED Roofing is the real "national guard".

Certain-teed Roofing

protects our buildings from the violence of storms; successfully resists the attacks of rain, hail, sleet and snow; is unaffected by the sharp assaults of frost, and the withering fire of mid-summer sun. It even withstands the ravages of time, for CERTAIN-TEED Roofing is guaranteed for 5, 10 or 15 years, according to ply (1, 2 or 3). Experience proves that it will out-last the period of guarantee.

The long life of CERTAIN-TEED is due to the fact that it does not dry out, as ordinary roofing does. This is because it is made of the best quality roofing felt, thoroughly saturated with a blend of soft asphalt—the formula of the General's Board of Expert Chemists. This soft saturation is then covered with a coating of a harder blend of asphalt, which prevents the drying-out process, and keeps CERTAIN-TEED impervious to the elements for years after the harder, drier kinds of roofing have dried out and gone.

CERTAIN-TEED is made in rolls; also in slate-surfaced shingles. There is a type of CERTAIN-TEED Roofing for every kind of building, with flat or pitched roofs, from the largest sky-scraper to the smallest residence or out-building.

CERTAIN-TEED is sold by responsible dealers all over the world, at reasonable prices. Investigate it before you decide on any type of roof.

General Roofing Manufacturing Company

World's Largest Manufacturer of Roofings and Building Papers

New York City Chicago Philadelphia St. Louis Boston Cleveland
Pittsburgh Detroit San Francisco Los Angeles Milwaukee Cincinnati
New Orleans Minneapolis Seattle Kansas City Indianapolis
Atlanta Richmond Des Moines Houston Duluth London Sydney
Copyrighted 1916, General Roofing Manufacturing Co.

Croley Hardware & Grocery Company Barbourville, Kentucky.

REMEMBER, ladies, if you do not register this fall you cannot vote next year in the superintendents race.

W. H. Green, the Arbuckle vendor came in home this morning laid up with a strained foot, and will be laid up for several days.



Does yours bring joy to the breakfast table?

North—East—South—West—women are solving the coffee problem.

Armies have solved it. "An army travels on its stomach" and of the army breakfast, ask any soldier what he would miss most.

Famous restaurants have solved it. They know that without the right coffee they would have failed.

One of the greatest American judges has said that unhappiness in the home

commences with the first cup of poor coffee.

There is a coffee which brings a million men to breakfast "in a hurry"—a coffee that makes all these men eager to get to the breakfast table, slow to leave it.

Your grocer has this coffee—Arbuckles'. Today you can introduce its rich, full flavor in your home. Serve Arbuckles' for a week and notice how much more his breakfast means to him. Bring joy to your breakfast table.

Today there are whole towns where Arbuckles' is practically the only coffee used. In one State, alone, in a year, four pounds of Arbuckles' Coffee was used for every man, woman and child in the State—four times as many pounds of coffee as the population of the State!

OUR GUARANTEE

On Each
**Cole's Original
Hot Blast
Heater**

Your Money Back!
You get back the original cost of your stove in the fuel money saved each winter. Could you ask for more!

1. We guarantee a saving of one-third in fuel over any lower draft stove of the same size, with soft coal, lignite or slack.
2. We guarantee Cole's Hot Blast to use less hard coal for heating a given space than any base burner made with same size firepot.
3. We guarantee that the rooms can be heated from one to two hours each morning with the fuel put in the stove the evening before.
4. We guarantee that the stove will hold fire with soft coal or hard coal from Saturday evening to Monday morning.
5. We guarantee a uniform heat day and night with soft coal, hard coal or lignite.
6. We guarantee every stove to remain absolutely air-tight as long as used.
7. We guarantee the feed door to be smoke and dust proof.
8. We guarantee the anti-puffing draft to prevent puffing.

All we ask is that the stove be operated according to directions and connected with a good flue.

(Signed) COLE MANUFACTURING CO. (Not Inc.)
(Makers of the Original Patented Hot Blast Stove)

This guarantee cannot be made on any other heating stove. If you want comfort and economy put one of these heaters in your home.

"Cole's Hot Blast Makes Your Coal Pile Last"
(Look for the name Cole's on feed door to avoid imitations)

Barbourville
Furniture
Company,
Barbourville, Ky.



IMPORTANCE OF HEALTHY KIDNEY

Barbourville Readers Should Learn to Keep the Kidneys Well

The kidneys have big work to do. All the blood in the body is coursing through the kidneys constantly to be freed of poisonous matter. It is a heavy enough task when the kidneys are well, but a cold, chill, fever or some thoughtless exposure is likely to irritate, inflame and congest the kidneys and corrupt the purifying work.

Then the aching frequently begins, and is often accompanied by some irregularity of the urine—too frequent passages, sediment or retention. Thousands testify to the wonderful merit of Doan's Kidney Pills, a remedy for the kidneys only, that has been used in kidney troubles 50 years. You will make no mistake in following this advice. It comes from a resident of this locality:

Mrs. Sallie Bull, 402 Doncaster Ave., Middlesboro, Ky., says: "A relative suffered from dizzy spells and backache until the patient's health was all run down. The kidney secretions were also a source of annoyance. Doan's Kidney Pills permanently cured the sufferer. I have used Doan's Kidney Pills myself and have been benefited. No other medicine could possibly do better work."

Price 50c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mrs. Bull had. Foster-Milburn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y.

Tedders News

Millard Jarvis of Jarvis Store in engaged in making sorgum in our town this week.

Tom Jarvis passed through our town last Sunday morning before breakfast enroute to Big Ashers of Black Water.

Chas. Parrott and daughter, Nollie were in Barbourville this week.

Miss Sidney Hoskins of Crab Orchard was here visiting her sister, Mrs. Lizzie Tedders last week.

John Hoskins and family of Crab Orchard moved in to our town last week.

The girls of this town are laying in a supply of crochet work for future use.

Mrs. Martha Smallwood, Miss Miss Pearl Lewis and sister Mattie, are the pleasant guests of Mrs. J. C. Lewis this week.

Mrs. Lucy Parrott and daughter Nollie, and her niece Ethel Woollum visited relatives on Black Water Sunday.

BORN—To the wife of Tom Perry a bouncing boy. We think Tom deserves a present as he is the father of fifteen living children.

Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Cobb have moved to Black Water.

Misses Lizzie and Matilda Shepard attended church at Mt Aarat Sunday.

Mr. Whitley Taylor and Miss Alcie Hacker passed through our town Sunday enroute to Robinson church.

I. M. Jarvis and S. J. Woollum are working for the C. & M. Railroad Company.

Ambros Cobb has a fine pig gone astray.

Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy

This is a medicine that every family should be provided with. Colic and diarrhoea often come on suddenly and it is of the greatest importance that they be treated promptly. Consider the suffering that must be endured until a physician arrives or medicine can be obtained. Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy has a reputation second to none for the quick relief which it affords. Obtainable everywhere.

Knox County Court, August 28, 1916.

**JUDGMENT
To
FOR VOTE ON
Knox County Court STOCK LAW.**

Petition of I. C. Bryant and more than 20 other legal voters of Corbin, Precinct No. 12, in Knox county, Ky., having been filed in the Knox County Court on July 31, 1916, and duly docketed in said court at the regular August term 1916, asking the court to order an election to be held in said voting Precinct No. 12 in said county and state at the regular November Election, 1916, to take the sense of the legal voters of said precinct as to whether or not they are in favor of making it unlawful for hogs, sheep and goats to run at large on the public highways and uninclosed lands in said voting Precinct No. 12, Corbin, Knox county, Ky.

Said petition having been duly considered by the court and being advised, it is now ordered that S. L. Lewis Sheriff of Knox county, open a poll at the next regular November Election, 1916, in voting Precinct No. 12 Corbin, Ky., to take the sense of the legal voters of said precinct as to whether they are in favor of making it unlawful for hogs, sheep and goats to run at large on the public highways and uninclosed lands of Precinct No. 12, Corbin, Knox county, Ky., and the County Court Clerk will have put upon the ballots of said precinct the question: "Are you in favor of making it unlawful for hogs, sheep and goats to run at large on the public highways and uninclosed lands of said voting Precinct No. 12, Corbin, in Knox county, Kentucky? Yes or no."

A copy attest:

READ P. BLACK,
Clerk Knox Co. Court.

Are You Looking Old?

Old age comes quick enough without inviting it. Some look old at forty. That is because they neglect the liver and bowels. Keep your bowels regular and your liver healthy and you will not only feel younger but look younger. When troubled with constipation or biliousness take Chamberlain's Tablets. They are intended especially for these ailments and are excellent. Easy to take and most agreeable in effect. Obtainable everywhere.

Knox County Court, August Term, 1916.

**JUDGMENT
To
FOR VOTE ON
Knox County Court STOCK LAW.**

Petition of Andrew Smith and more than 20 other legal voters and residents of Road Fork voting precinct No. 8 in Knox County, Ky., having been filed in Knox County Court Aug. 25, 1916, and duly docketed in said court at the regular August term, 1916, asking the court to order an election to be held in said voting precinct No. 8, in said county and state at the regular November Election, 1916, to take the sense of the legal voters of said precinct as to whether they are in favor of making it unlawful for cattle of any species to run at large on the public highways and uninclosed lands in said voting precinct No. 8, Road Fork, Knox county.

Said petition having been duly considered by the court and being advised, it is now ordered that S. L. Lewis, Sheriff of Knox county, open a poll at the next regular November Election, 1916, in the voting precinct No. 8, Road Fork, Knox county, to take the sense of the legal voters of said precinct as to whether they are in favor making it unlawful for cattle of any species to run at large on the public highways and uninclosed lands of said precinct No. 8, Road Fork, Knox county, Ky., and the County Court Clerk will have put upon

the ballots for said precinct the question:

"Are you in favor of making it unlawful for cattle of any species to run at large on public highways and uninclosed lands of said voting precinct No. 8, Road Fork, Knox county, Ky.? Yes or no."

A copy attest:

READ P. BLACK,
Clerk Knox Co. Court.
9-29 10-20

Knox County Court, August Term, 1916.

**JUDGMENT
To
FOR VOTE ON
Knox County Court STOCK LAW.**

Petition of C. B. Donaldson and more than 20 other legal voters of Gray, Precinct No. 11, in Knox county, Ky., having been filed in the Knox County Court on Aug. 28, 1916, and duly docketed in said court at the regular August term, 1916, asking the court to order an election to be held in said voting Precinct No. 11 in said county and state at the regular November Election, 1916, to take the sense of the legal voters of said precinct as to whether they are in favor of making it unlawful for hogs, sheep and goats to run at large on the public highways and uninclosed lands of said voting Precinct No. 11, Gray, Knox county.

Said petition having been duly considered by the court and being advised, it is now ordered that S. L. Lewis Sheriff of Knox county, open a poll at the next regular November Election in voting Precinct No. 11, Gray, Knox county, to take the sense of the legal voters of said precinct as to whether or not they are in favor of making it unlawful for hogs, sheep and goats to run at large on the public highways and uninclosed lands of Precinct No. 11, Gray, Knox county, Ky., and the County Court Clerk will have put upon the ballots of said precinct the question: "Are you in favor of making it unlawful for hogs, sheep and goats to run at large on the public highways and uninclosed lands in said voting Precinct No. 11, Gray, Knox county, Ky.? Yes or no."

A copy attest:

READ P. BLACK,
Clerk Knox Co. Court.

Notice of Filing Petition

On Sept. 30th 1916, I will file a petition in the Knox County Court praying a change of location of road on the section of road leading from the Goose Creek road up Paynes Creek to the forks of the road near Henry Paynes. Said change to leave the present road at a point at or near Lee Gray's garden and extend around the hill through the lands of Lee Gray and reintersecting with the present road at Robt. Hammon's Spring.

This Sept. 18th 1916.
THOS. HUBBARD, County Road Engineer, K. C. 9-22 2t.

Constipation the Father of Many Ills

Of the numerous ills that affect humanity a large share start with constipation. Keep your bowels regular and they may be avoided. When a laxative is needed take Chamberlain's Tablets. They not only move the bowels but improve the appetite and strengthen the digestion. Obtainable everywhere.

For Sale.

I have for sale a complete outfit for drummers, consisting of two fine young horses, one four years old and the other five years old; a good wagon, fitted for the business of carrying drummer's trunks, with good spring seat for the driver and a man; good harness, and everything complete. I will sell for cash or will take a good note that is bankable. Call on, or address, The Mountain Advocate or at The Little Shop.

TAMPICO SCUTTLE A GRAVEN AFFAIR, SAYS ROOSEVELT

Constituted So Grave an Offense
Against the Nation's Honor
and Duty That the Man
Responsible Should Be
Removed From Office.

WILSON CANNOT SHIELD HIMSELF BEHIND DANIELS

Authentic Proof That Americans in Peril Were Deserted by Their Own Government Against the Protest of the Senior Naval Officer Present Most Pusillanimous Episode in the Naval Annals of Our Country.

Theodore Roosevelt in a letter to Henry Reuter, the naval critic, criticizes President Wilson and Secretary Daniels in connection with the Tampico affair, when the American warships were withdrawn by order of the Administration. The colonel says: "You have presented authentic proof of how the Americans in peril at Tampico were deserted by their own government against the protest of the senior American naval officer present. You have shown that the government at Washington had full knowledge of the danger of the situation through telegrams from Admiral Mayo sent by wireless to the navy department on April 11, 12 and 13. You also give the telegram of Mr. Daniels of April 20 directing the admiral to proceed to Vera Cruz."

Mayo Feared Loss of Life.
"You have shown that Admiral Mayo made an emphatic protest to the navy department, stating that he feared the result of the squadron's leaving would be the loss of American lives and property. You also quote the telegrams sent by Admiral Mayo the following day, containing the protest of the American consul, Mr. Miller, and requesting authority to remain at Tampico. You have shown that, nevertheless, the navy department on the 21st confirmed its previous orders and directed the ships to leave at once."

"You have shown that the admiral put out into the ocean eight miles distant, but received a protest from Consul Miller reiterating his demand for protection. You then quote the telegram and signals of Admiral Mayo, who, in spite of his orders, nobly refused to run from the post of duty while the lives of American men, women and children were in danger."

Can't Hide Behind Daniels.
Of the President and Secretary Daniels the colonel writes:

"President Wilson cannot shield himself behind Mr. Daniels, for Mr. Daniels could do nothing that the president does not order or sanction. When Mr. Daniels's actions have been brought to the attention of Mr. Wilson, and are not repudiated by him, they become Mr. Wilson's; and Mr. Wilson is fully and completely responsible for Mr. Daniels, for all that he has done and left undone."

"The proof is absolute that when Admiral Mayo was at Tampico he had received full knowledge of the rioting and of the imminent danger to American lives; but that, nevertheless, he steamed away into the ocean, and that the Americans were rescued by German and British ships. This action constituted so grave an offense from the standpoint of national duty and self-respect, that any man responsible for it should be at once taken out of office."

Facts Made Public in U. S.
"Shortly thereafter the facts were made public in the United States. If Admiral Mayo had been responsible and had not acted under orders, then the only proper course for Secretary Daniels would have been to order his instant court-martial, and in such case the failure to do so would have shifted the blame at once from the shoulders of Admiral Mayo to the shoulders of superiors, President Wilson and Secretary Daniels."

"Therefore, even if these telegrams did not exist, even if there had been no such orders, or those actually issued by the secretary of the navy to Admiral Mayo, nevertheless his superiors, Secretary Daniels and President Wilson, would both have become fully responsible for the guilty transaction by their acquiescence therein. They cannot, as they have sought to do, shift the blame to the shoulders of the admiral."

The Soldier Vote.
A significant feature following the Maine election was the nature of the soldier vote.

It is reported that one Maine battalion liked sixty miles in two days for the purpose of exercising the franchise.

And we know how they voted!

Latin politeness is proverbial, but aren't these Mexican commissioners exceeding the limit when they persist in likening Woodrow Wilson to Juanita Carranza?

Josephus Daniels might have made a passable secretary of the Salvator Navy, but it was pretty rough to impose him on Uncle Sam's fighting navy.

CORTRIGHT METAL SHINGLES



J. H. BLACKBURN, Barbourville, Kentucky.

REGISTRATION DAY

October 3, 1916

is Registration Day for all male persons who live in the City, who may want to vote in the November Election, or in the Primary Election, 1917.

All female voters having the qualification of a woman voter will be required to register in order that they may have the right to vote in the Superintendent's race in the Primary of 1917.

The Polls will be open in the various wards of the Cities of Barbourville and Corbin from 6:00 A. M. until 9:00 P. M. on said date.

This registration will hold good for one year--from October 3, 1916, to October 2, 1917.

Given under my hand as Clerk of the Knox County Court, this September 22, 1916.

R. P. BLACK, K. C. C.

HERE IS A GOOD PLACE TO STOP FOR LITTLE MONEY.

LOUISVILLE HOTEL, Louisville, Ky.
Main St., bet. 6th & 7th

Only hotel in Louisville operated on the American & European plans

AMERICAN PLAN

(With Meals) Rooms without Bath but with hot and cold water.
75 Rooms - single, \$2.00 per day; 2 people, \$2.00 each
50 Rooms - single, 2.50 per day; 2 people, 2.25 each
50 Front Rooms, " 3.00 per day; 2 people, 2.50 each

EUROPEAN PLAN

(Without Meals) Rooms without Bath but with hot & cold water
75 Rooms - single, \$1.00 per day; 2 people, \$0.75 each
50 " - single, 1.25 per day; 2 people, 1.00 each
50 Front Rooms " 1.50 per day; 2 people, 1.25 each
Rooms with Private Bath:
50 Rooms - single, 1.50 per day; 2 people, 1.25 each
50 Rooms - " 2.00 per day; 2 people, 1.50 each

**THE OLD INN, Louisville, Ky., Cor. Sixth and Main
Sts., European Plan Only**

Rooms Without Bath, \$1.00 and up;
Rooms With Private Bath, \$1.50 and up.

BEST EATING PLACE IN TOWN.

The Louisville Hotel and the Old Inn are located in the wholesale district and only a three-block's walk to the retail district and theatres.

Louisville Hotel and Old Inn Co., Props.

J. A. McDERMOTT & CO.

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